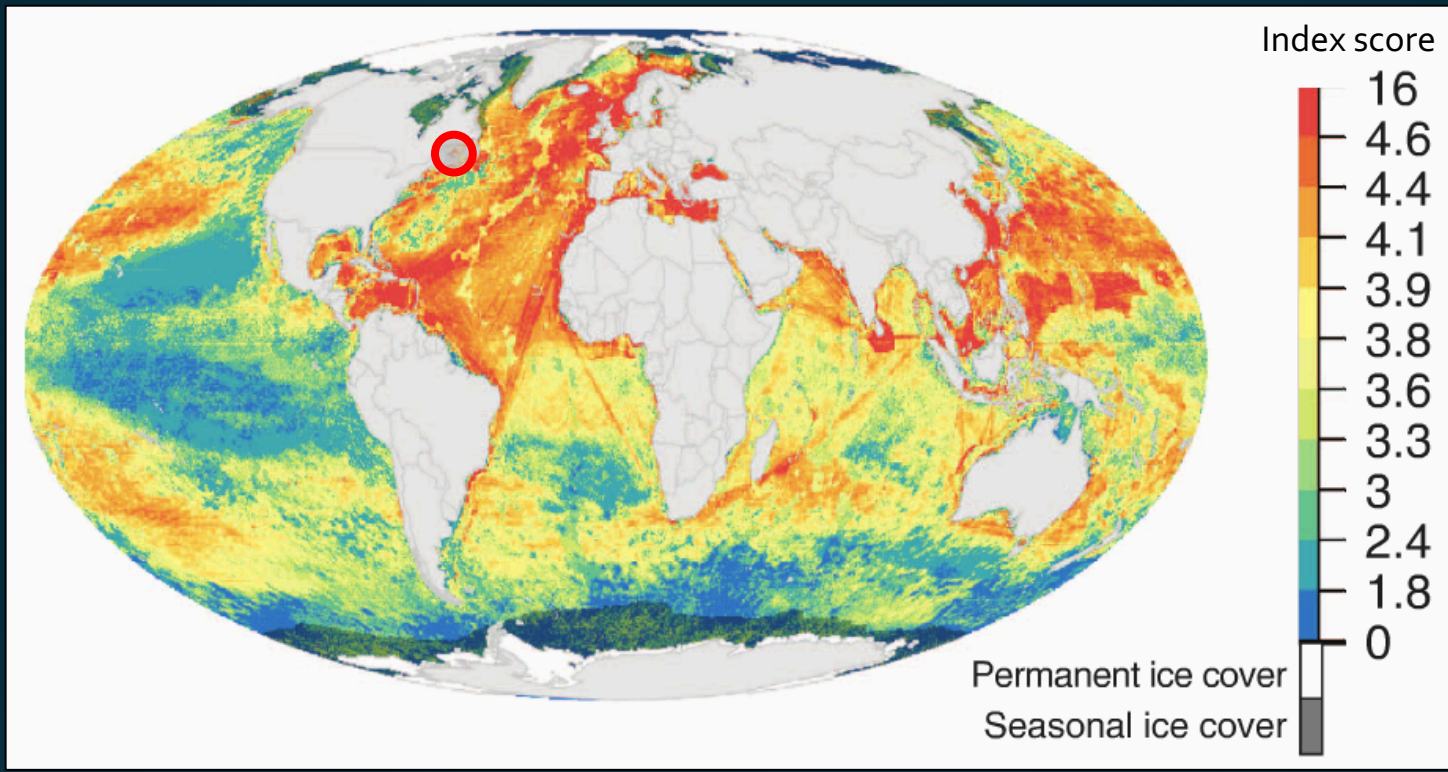


# Benthic communities of Sept-Îles and human activities: a peaceful cohabitation?

Elliot DREUJOU, Philippe ARCHAMBAULT, Christopher McKINDSEY

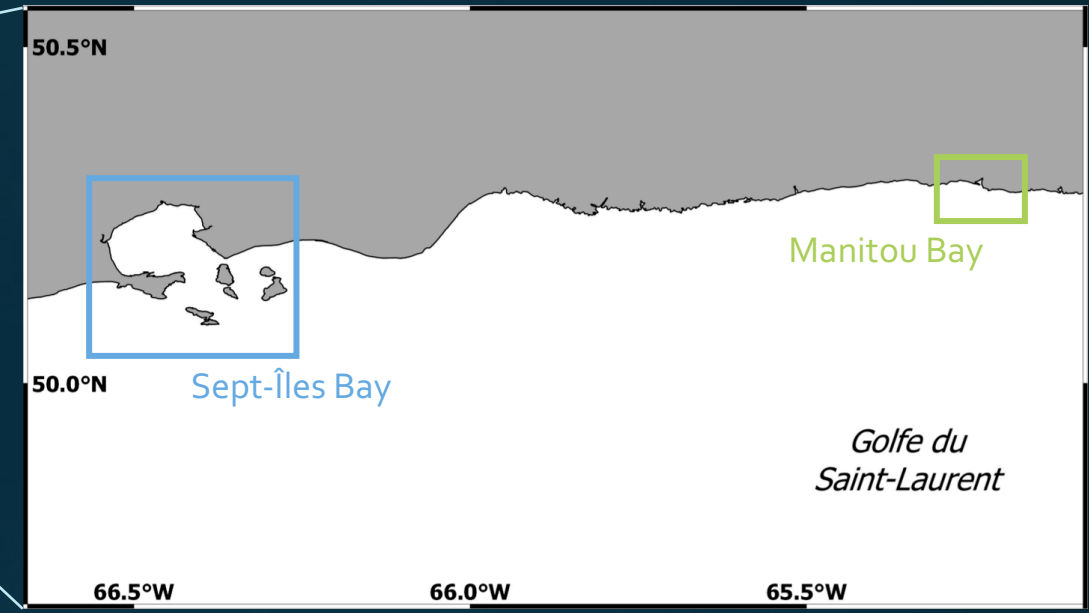
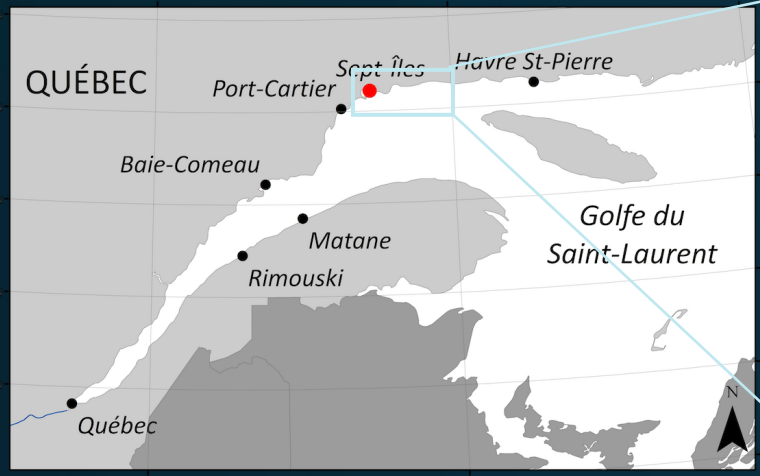
Cumulative impact score for ecosystems of the world



Different human activities impact marine ecosystems

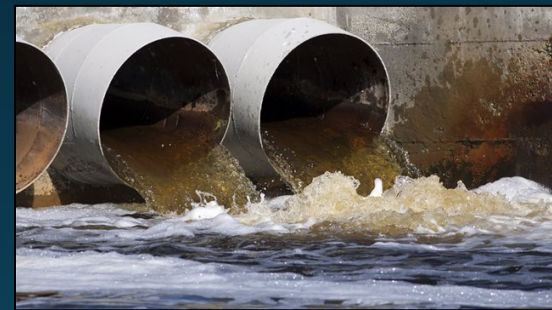


What are the effects of activities cumulation on communities?...  
... at a fine spatial scale (0.01 km<sup>2</sup>)?



Third port of Quebec  
*22 MT of exchanged goods (2016)*

High international targeting  
*98 % of imports-exports (2016)*



Urbanisation and  
waste waters discharge



Activities and sewers  
from industry



Shipping  
activities

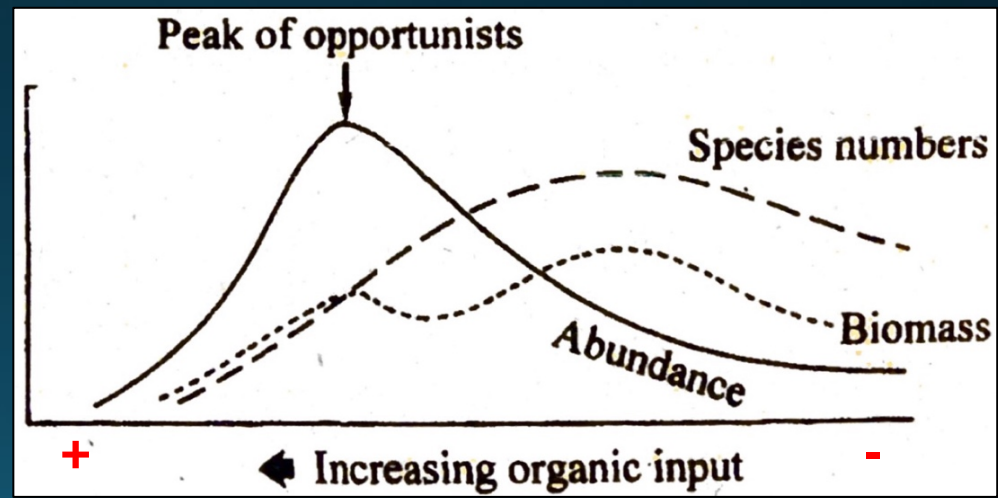
+ Fishing, tourism...





Why benthic species ?

- Important for the ecosystem
- Important for mankind
- Respond to anthropogenic perturbations

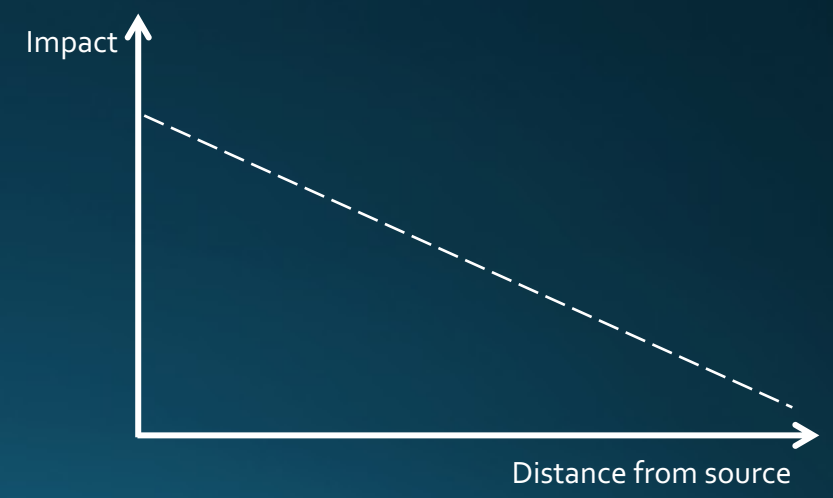
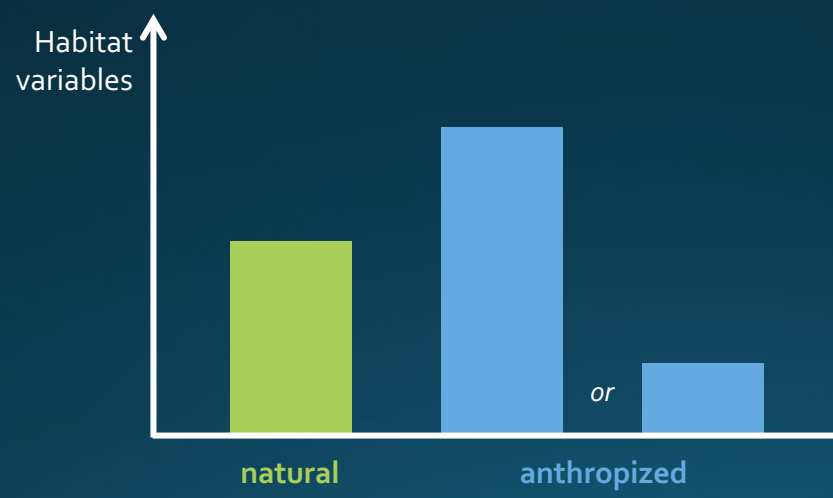
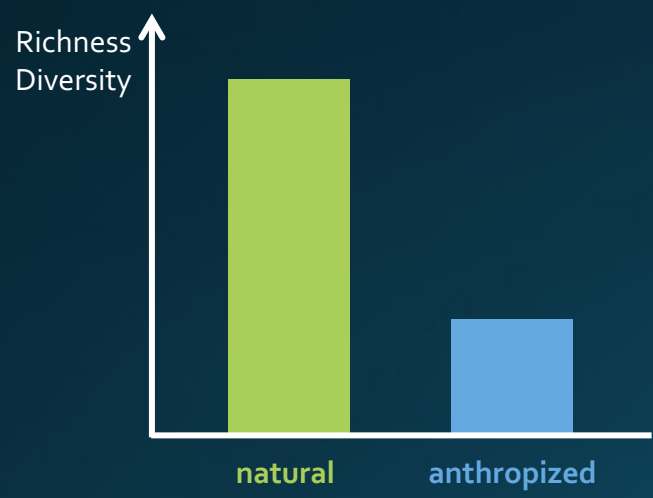




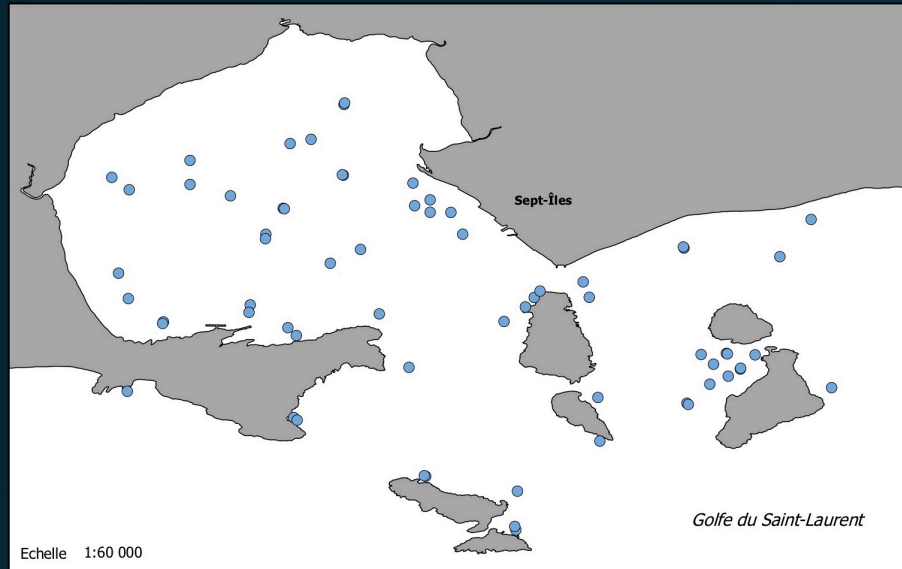
- Describe structure of the benthic subtidal ecosystems
- Characterise the human influence on these ecosystems

Hypothesis 1    biotic and abiotic parameters : « anthropized » ecosystems ≠ « natural » ecosystems.

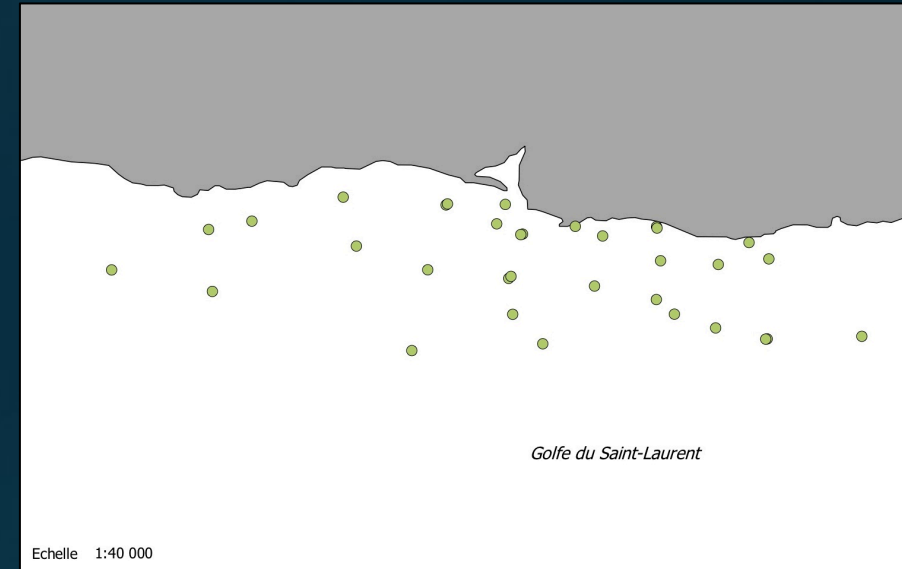
Hypothesis 2    most impacted zones from human activities : close to their source.



# Sampling sites



Sept-Îles Bay (BSI)  
63 stations



Manitou Bay (BM)  
33 stations

2 ecosystems : « natural » and « anthropized »

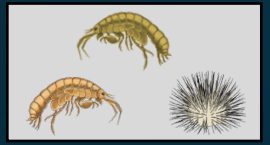
Sampled in 2016 and 2017

Depth between 0 and 70 m

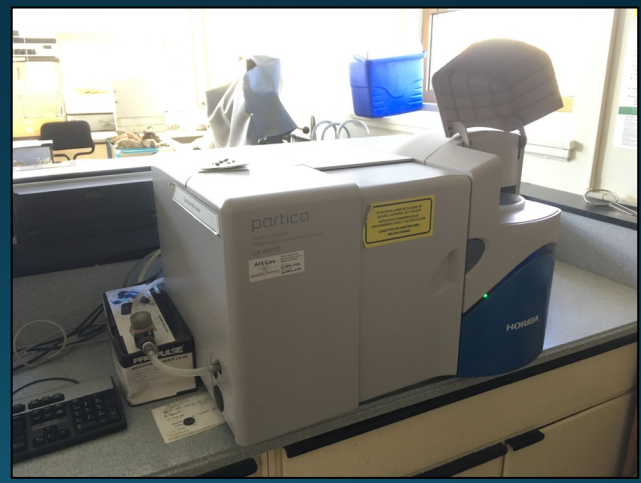
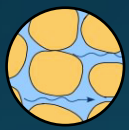


# Collected parameters

COMMUNITIES { species identity  $S$   
 individuals density  $N$

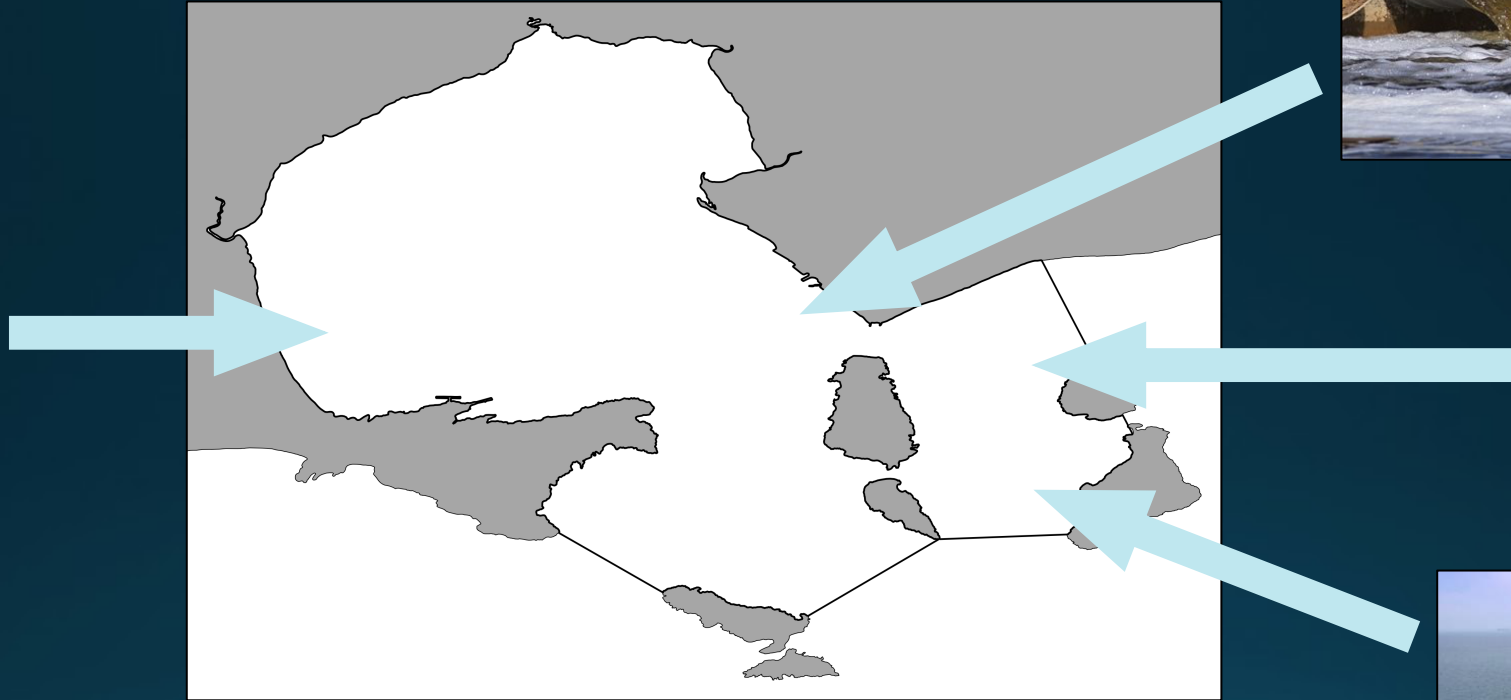
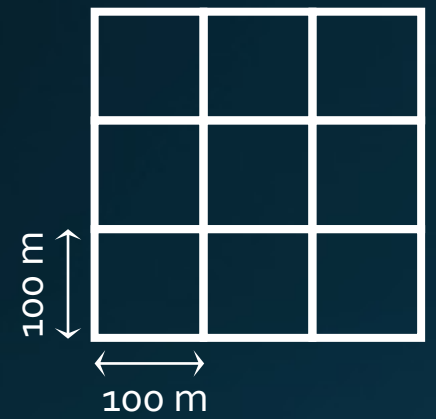


HABITAT { metadata  $Z, Z_{secchi}$   
 organic matter content  $\%_{OM}$   
 water retention capacity  $\%_{water}$   
 sediment grain-size distribution  $\%_{gravel}, \%_{sand}, \%_{mud}$



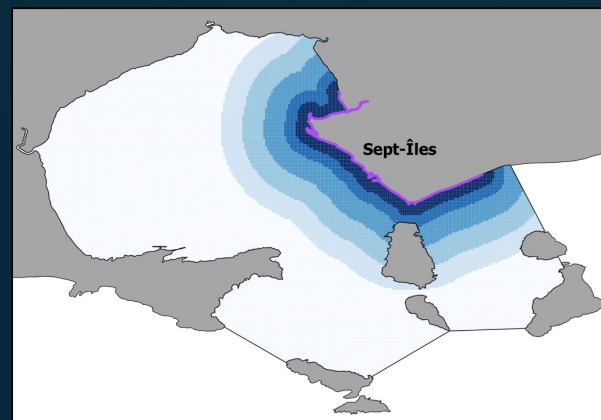


# Stress score for each considered activity

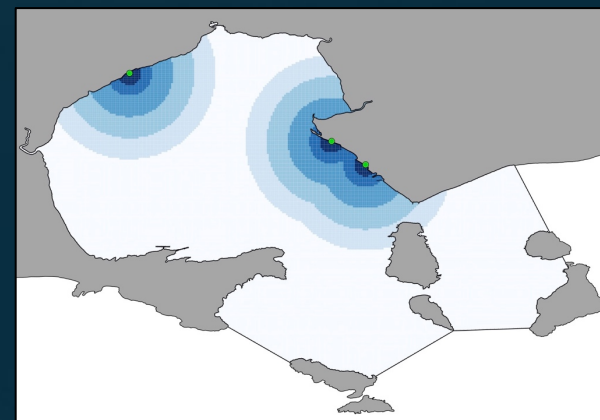


# Stress score for each considered activity

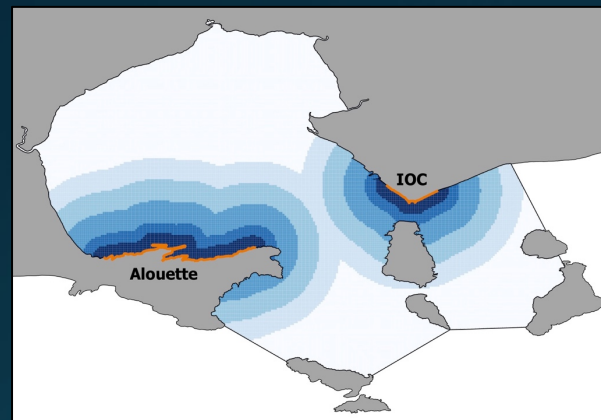
Municipal diffuse runoff



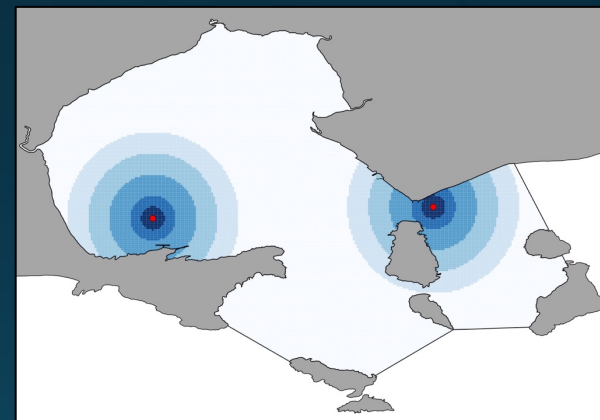
Municipal sewer discharge



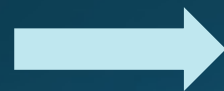
Industrial diffuse runoff



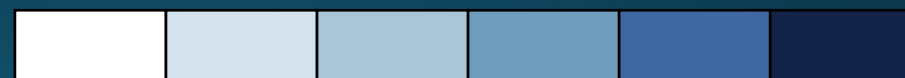
Dredging



Distance from source



Score :



0      1      2      3      4      5

*Hypothesis 1 :*

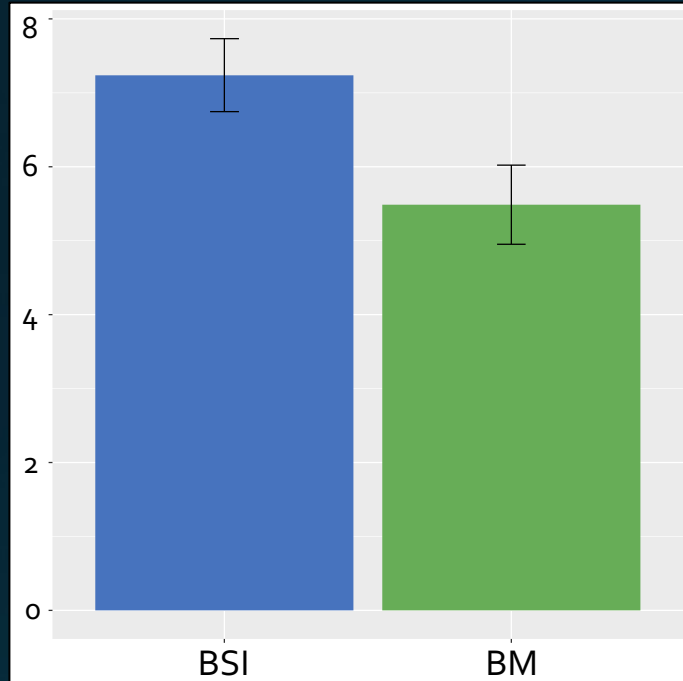
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Biotic and abiotic parameters:

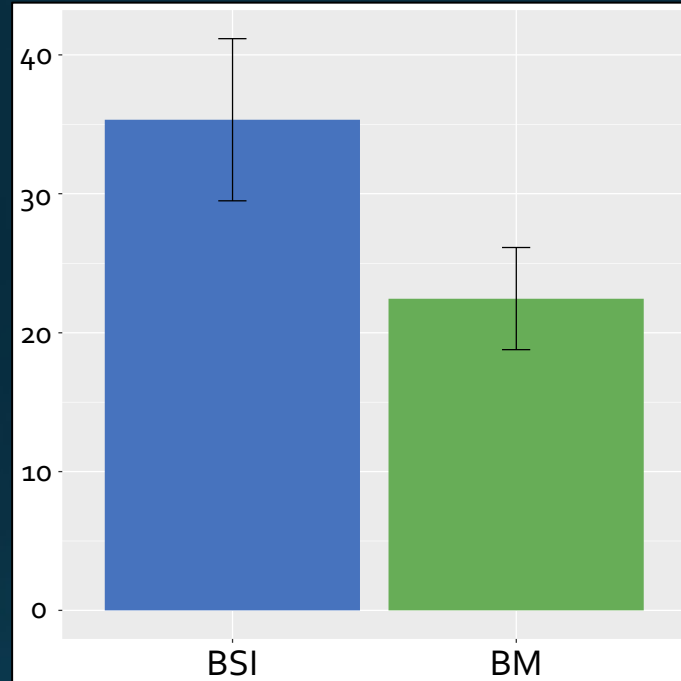
« anthropized » ecosystems ≠ « natural » ecosystems



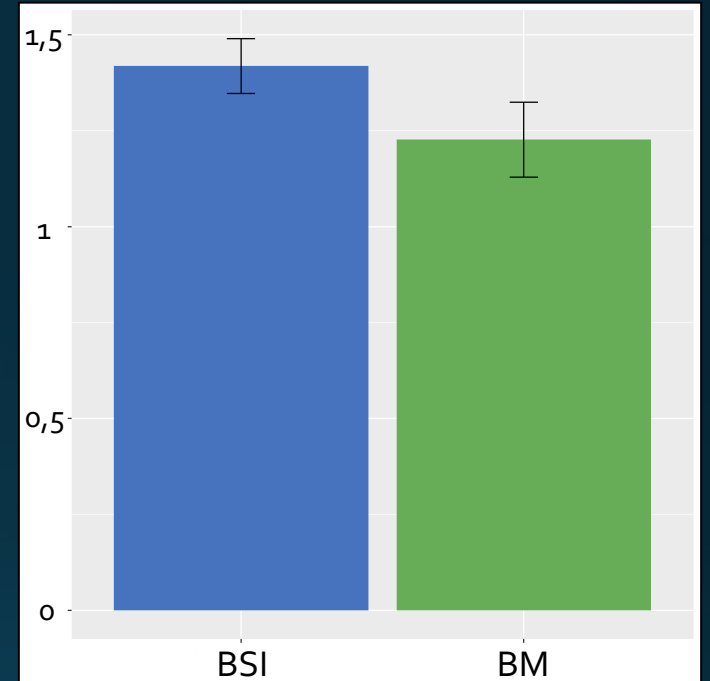
# Diversity (BSI vs BM)



Species richness  
 $1 < S < 16$



Individual density  
 $1 < N < 320$

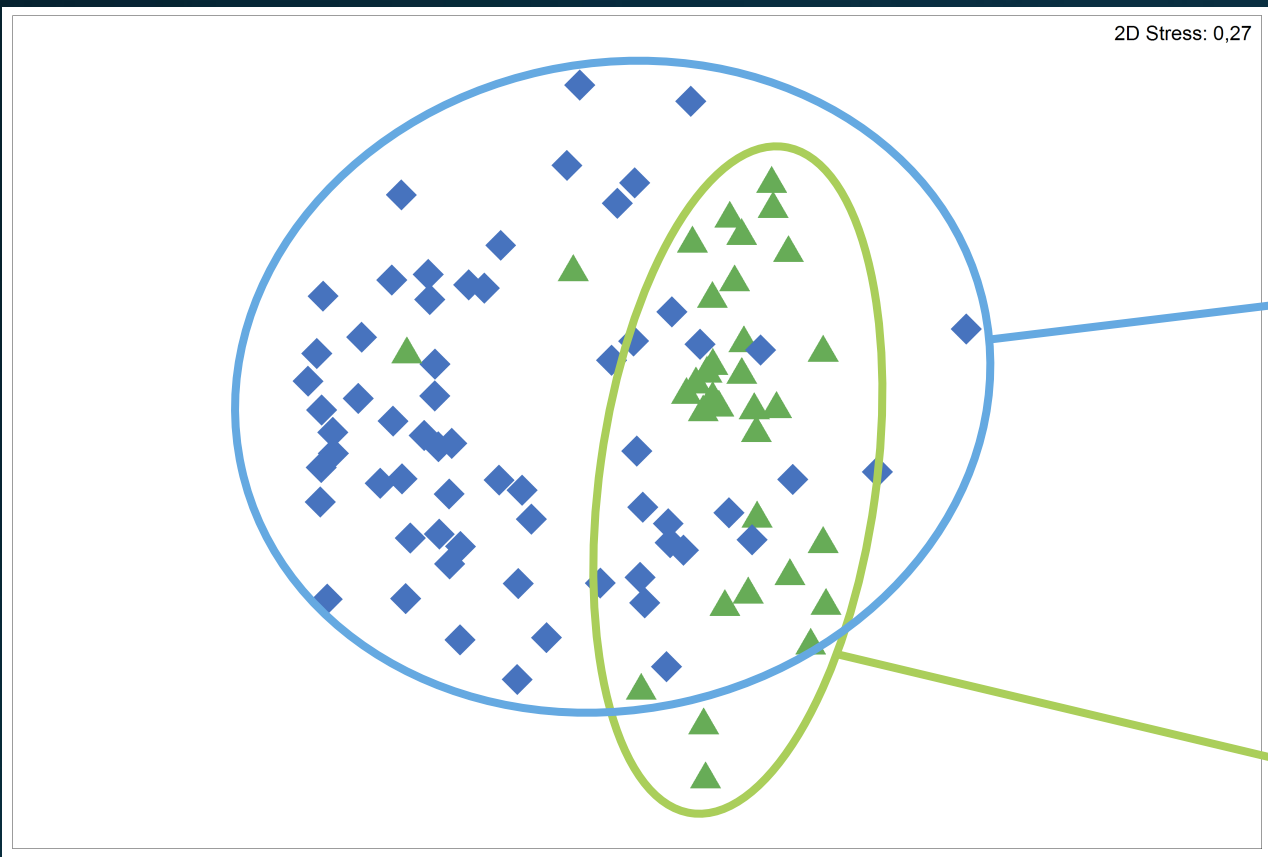


Shannon-Wiener index  
 $1 < H' < 2,5$

No significant differences between BSI and BM (ANOVA)

# Communities (BSI vs BM)

Different communities in BSI and BM  
(PERMANOVA :  $p < 0,05$ , SIMPER)



Non-metric MDS (4<sup>th</sup> root of abundances)



Chalcky Macoma  
(29 %)



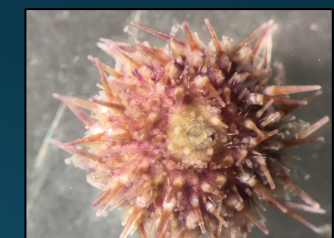
Bivalve *E. tenuis*  
(10,5 %)



Cumacean *E. integra*  
(10,2 %)



Sand Dollar  
(59,4 %)

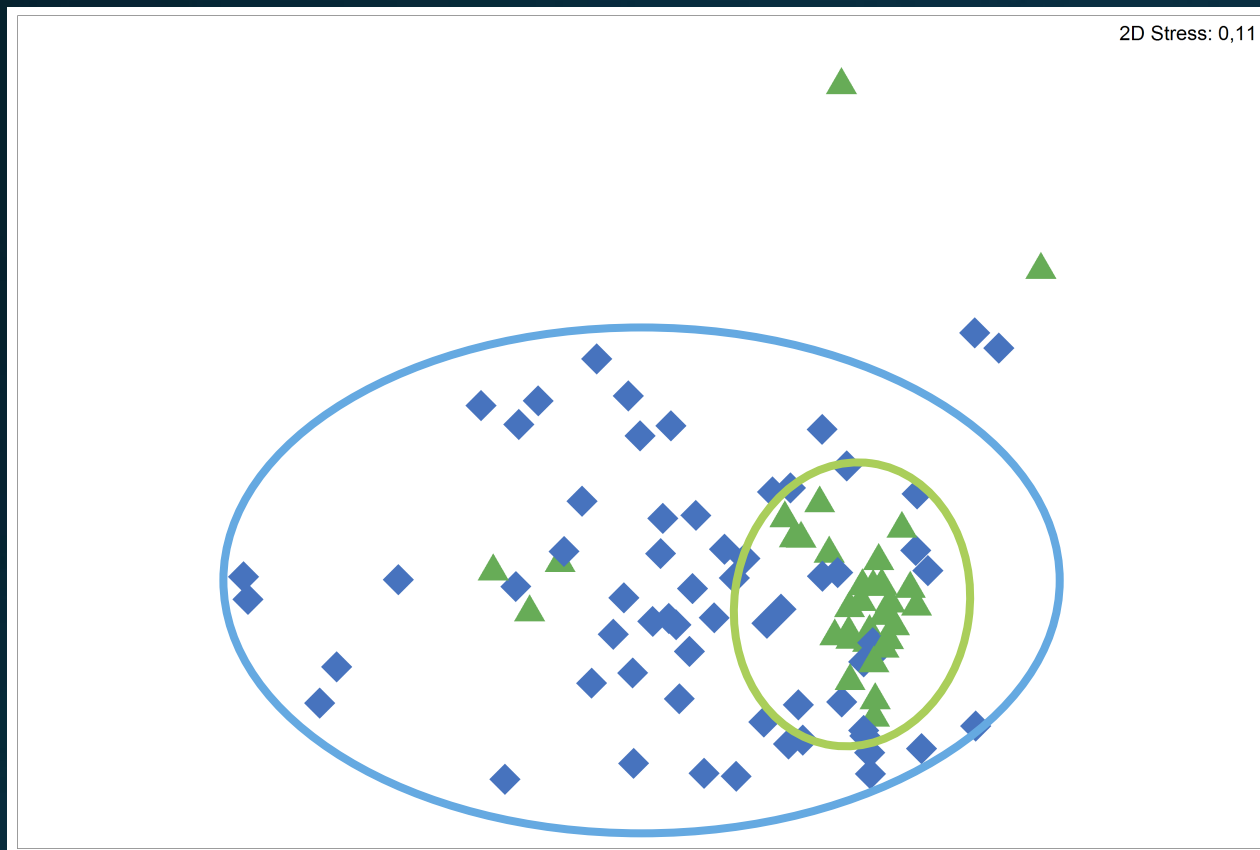


Green urchin  
(8,4 %)



Arctic clovisse  
(8,39 %)

# Habitat (BSI vs BM)



Different habitats in BSI and BM  
(PERMANOVA :  $p < 0,05$ )

$Z$ ,  $Z_{secchi}$ ,  $\%_{OM}$ ,  $\%_{water}$ ,  $\%_{gravel}$   
explain the most the communities  
variability (DistLM, dbRDA)

Non-metric MDS (standardized variables)



*Hypothesis 2 :*

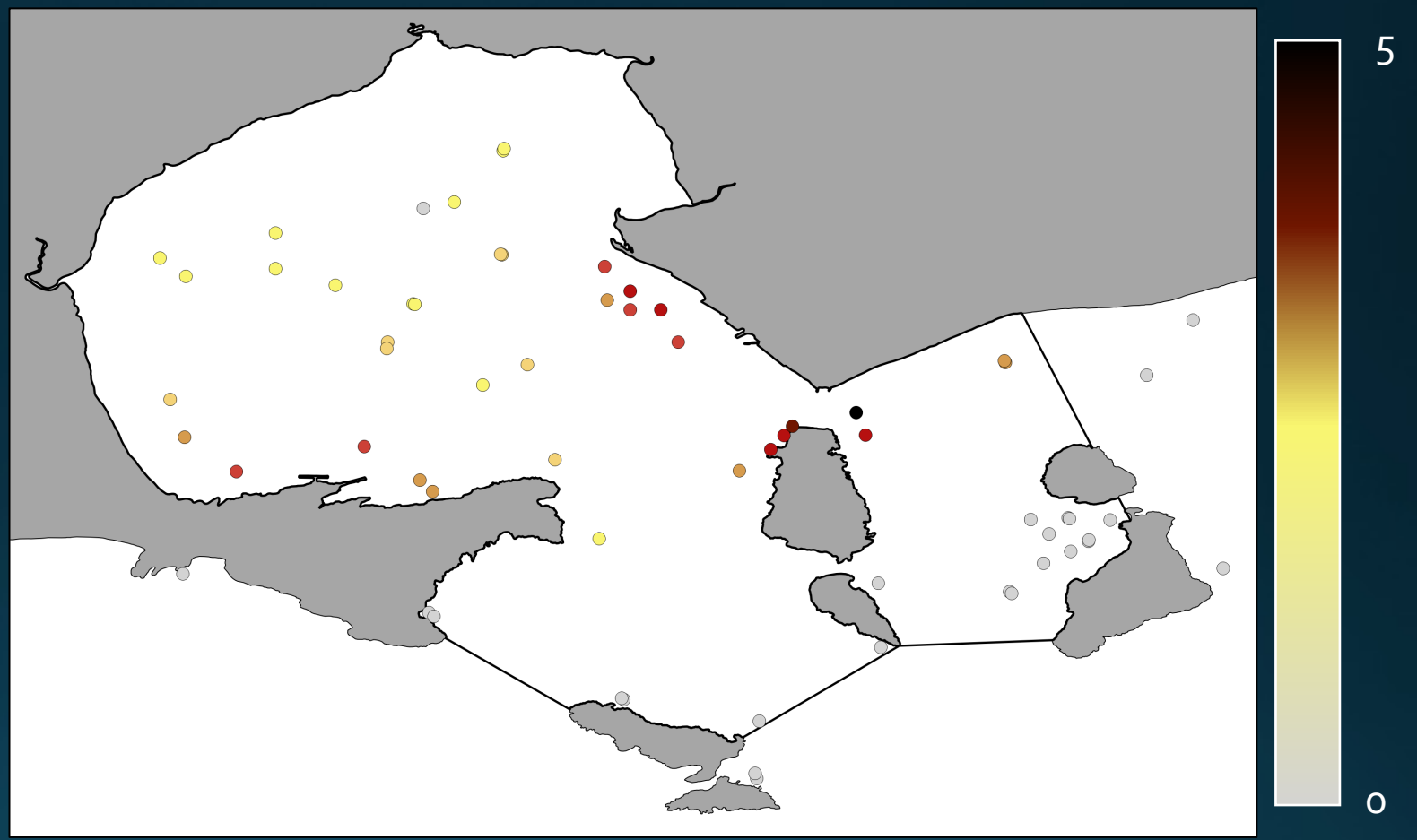
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Most impacted zones from human activities:  
close to their source

# Calculation of stress scores (BSI)

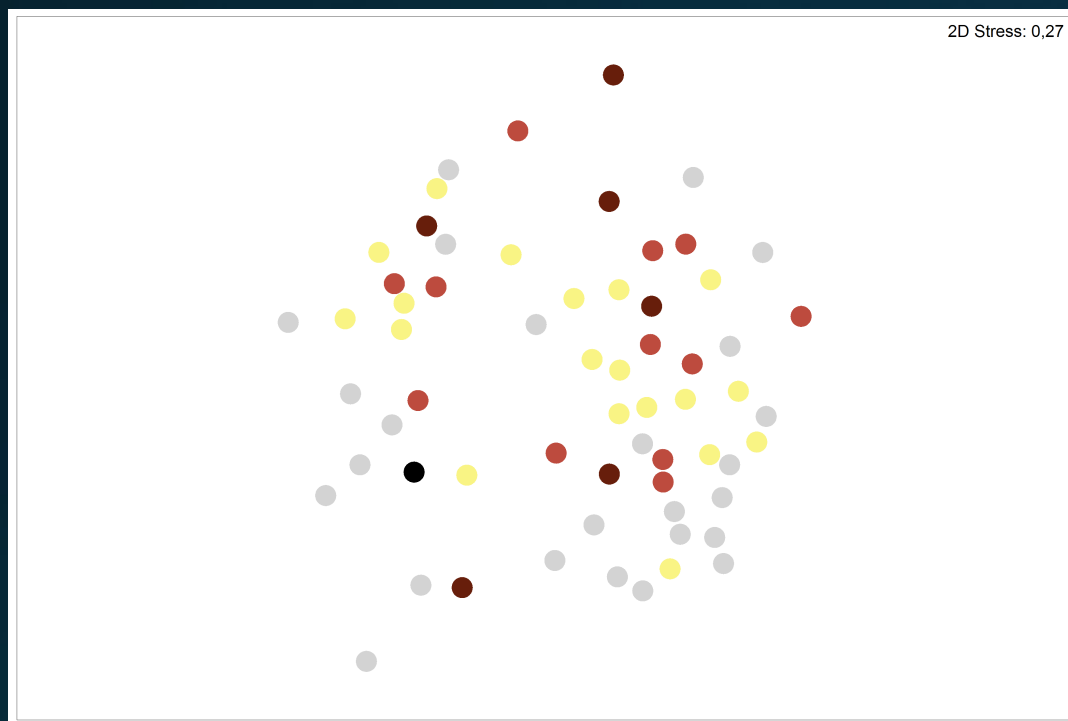
Addition of the scores for each human activity

Regroupement based on the score



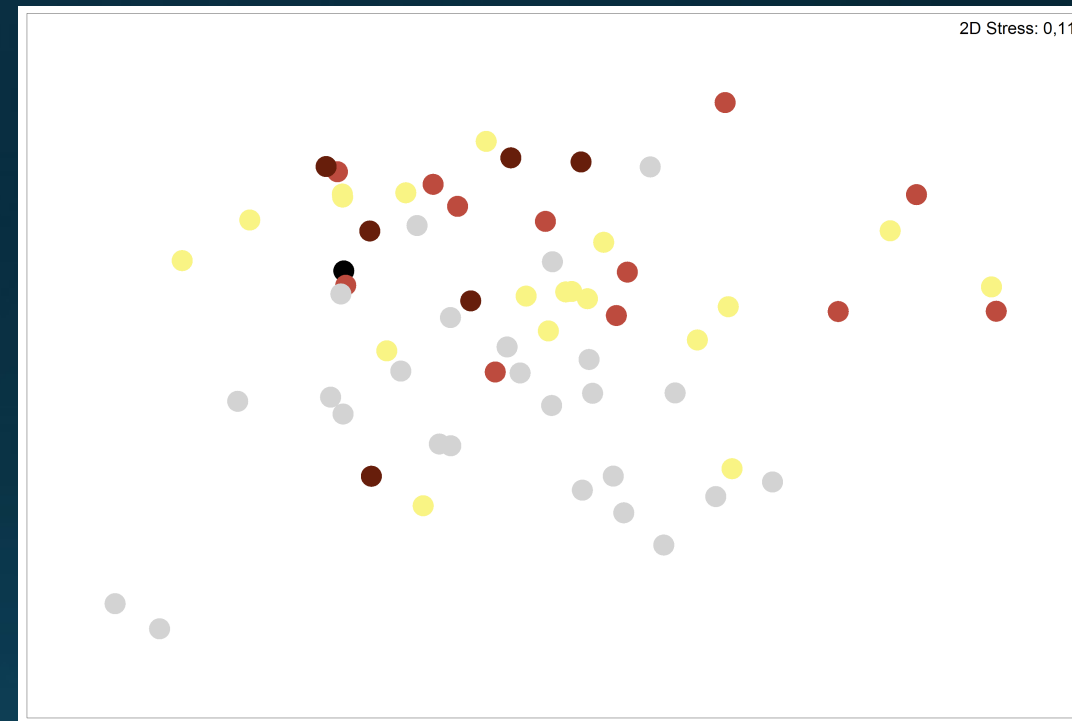
# Link with stress scores (BSI)

### Communities



Non-metric MDS ( $4^{th}$  root of abundances)

### Habitat



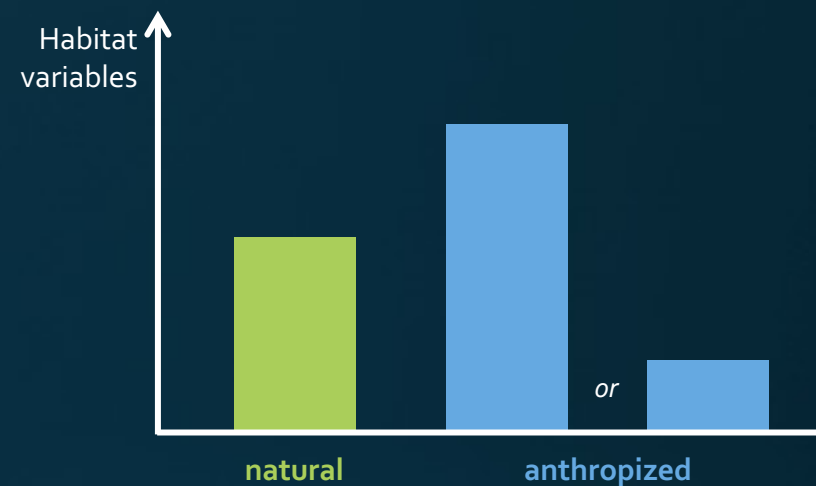
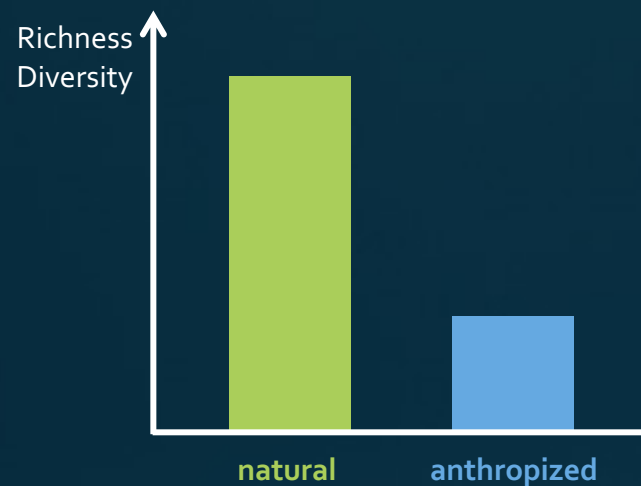
Non-metric MDS (standardised variables)



No significant differences between stress groups (PERMANOVA)  
No tendencies in the data (multiple regressions)



# Hypothesis 1



BM is not more diversified than BSI, but...  
 ...BSI and BM have different species assemblages.

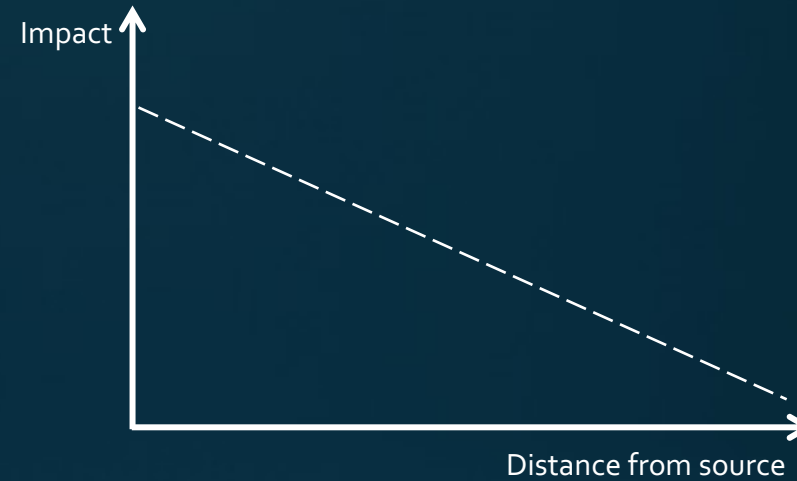


The abiotic environment is not the same between BSI and BM.

Most explanatory variables :  $Z$ ,  $Z_{secchi}$ ,  $\%_{OM}$ ,  $\%_{water}$ ,  $\%_{gravel}$

Which amount is due to human activities?

## Hypothesis 2



- ➔ Scores and stress groups do not explain differences between the stations at BSI.
- ➔ Groups badly defined?
  - More complex distribution for the activities?
  - Effects more or less pronounced for each activity?
  - Complex interactions between activities?



Elliot Dreujou  
elliot.dreujou@icloud.com  
Alexandre Vachon Building, office 4068

**Thanks for your attention!**

**Questions?**

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- And to all the benthos lab for precious advices!

